3.3V, 10Mbps Half-Duplex RS-485/RS-422 Transceiver

FEATURES

- Operates from a Single 3.3V Supply
- Interoperable with +5.0V Logic
- –7V to 12V Common-Mode Input Voltage Range
- Three-State Outputs
- Driver/ Receiver Enable
- Half-Duplex Communication
- Allows up to 32 Transceivers on the Bus
- Data Rate up to 10 Mbps
- Current-Limiting and Thermal Shutdown for Driver Overload Protection
- ESD Specifications ±15kV IEC61000-4-2 Air Discharge ±8kV Human Body Model

APPLICATIONS

- Low Power RS-485 Systems
- Telecommunications
- Packet Switching
- Industrial-Control Local Area Networks
- Data Concentration
- Data Multiplexers
- Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN)

DESCRIPTION

The MAX3485 is a low-power half-duplex transceiver that meets the specifications of RS-485 and RS-422. IC contains one driver and one receiver. The driver slew rates is not limited, allowing them to transmit up to 10Mbps. The transceiver draws 425μ A of supply current when unloaded or fully loaded with disabled driver. All parts operate from a single 3.3V supply. Driver is short-circuit current limited and is protected against excessive power dissipation by thermal shutdown circuitry that places the driver outputs into a high-impedance state. The receiver input has a fail-safe feature that guarantees a logic-high output if the input is open circuit. The ESD tolerance is more than \pm 8kV for both Human Body Model and \pm 15kV for IEC61000-4-2 Air Discharge Method on this device.



ORDERING INFORMATION

Device	Package
MAX3485ED	SOP-8

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 1)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Supply Voltage	Vcc	-0.3	6.0	V
Control Input Voltage	V _{RE} , V _{DE}	-0.3	6.0	V
Driver Input Voltage	V _{DI}	-0.3	6.0	V
Driver Output Voltage	V _A , V _B	-15	15	V
Receiver Input Voltage	V _A , V _B	-15	15	V
Receiver Output Voltage	V _{RO}	-0.3	V _{CC} + 0.3	V
Junction Temperature Range	TJ	-40	125	°C
Storage Temperature Range	T _{STG}	-65	150	°C

Note 1. Stresses beyond those listed under *Absolute Maximum Ratings* may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under *Recommended Operating Conditions* is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS (Note 2)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Supply Voltage	Vcc	0	3.3 ± 5%	V
Ambient Temperature Range	T _A	-40	85	°C

Note 2. The device is not guaranteed to function outside its operating ratings.

ORDERING INFORMATION

Package	Order No.	Description	Supplied As	Status
SOP-8	MAX3485ED	RS-485/ RS-422 Transceiver	Tape & Reel	Active

PIN CONFIGURATION



PIN DESCRIPTION

Pin No.	Pin Name	Pin Function
1	RO	Receiver Output
2	RE	Receiver Output Enable. Active Low
3	DE	Driver Output Enable. Active High
4	DI	Driver Input
5	GND	Ground
6	А	Non-Inverting Driver Output/ Non-Inverting Receiver Input
7	В	Inverting Driver Output/ Inverting Receiver Input
8	VCC	Power Supply

BLOCK DIAGRAM



TYPICAL APPLICATION



< Typical RS-485 Network with Half-Duplex Transceivers >

3.3V, 10Mbps Half-Duplex RS-485/RS-422 Transceiver

MAX3485

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 V_{CC} = 3.3V, T_A = 25°C, unless otherwise noted.

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT		
		Unloaded, $R_L = \infty$, Figure 1 With Load, $R_L = 100\Omega$ (RS-422), Figure 1		Unloaded, $R_L = \infty$, Figure 1	ded, $R_L = \infty$, Figure 1 G	GND	-	V _{cc}	
Differential Output Voltage	V _{OD}			1.0	-	Vcc	V		
		With Load, $R_L = 54\Omega$	With Load, $R_L = 54\Omega$ (RS-485), Figure 1		-	Vcc			
Change in Magnitude of Driver Differential Output Voltage for Complimentary States ^(Note 3)	ΔV_{OD}	$R_L = 54\Omega$ or $R_L = 100\Omega$, Figure 1		-	-	0.2	V		
Driver Common- Mode Output Voltage	V _{oc}	$R_L = 54\Omega$ or $R_L = 100$	Ω, Figure 1	-	-	3.0	V		
Input High Voltage	V _{IH}	DE, DI, RE		2.0	-	-	V		
Input Low Voltage	V _{IL}	DE, DI, RE		-	-	0.6	V		
Logic Input Current	I _{IN1}	DE, DI, RE		-	-	±10	μA		
Driver Short-Circuit Output Current	I _{OSD}	$V_{OUT} = High \text{ or Low, } -7.0V \le V_{OUT} \le 12V$		-	-	±250	mA		
Receiver Differential Input Threshold	V _{TH}	$-7.0V \le V_{CM} \le 12V$		-0.2	-	0.2	V		
Receiver Input Hysteresis	ΔV_{TH}	$V_{CM} = 0V$		-	20	-	mV		
Receiver Output High Voltage	V _{OH}	$I_{OUT} = -1.5 \text{mA}, V_{\text{ID}} = 1.5 \text{mA}$	200mV, Figure 2	V _{cc} -0.4	-	-	V		
Receiver Output Low Voltage	V _{OL}	$I_{OUT} = 2.5 \text{mA}, V_{ID} = 20$	00mV, Figure 2	-	-	0.4	V		
Three-State (High Impedance) Output Current at Receiver	I _{OZR}	$0 \le V_{OUT} \le V_{CC}, \overline{RE} =$	Vcc	-	-	±1.0	μA		
Receiver Input Resistance	R _{IN}	$-7.0V \le V_{CM} \le 12V$		12	15	-	kΩ		
		DE = 0V,	V _{IN} = 12V	-	-	1.0	mA		
Receiver Input Current (A, B)	I _{IN2}	$V_{CC} = 0V \text{ or } 3.6V$	V _{IN} = -7.0V	-	-	-0.8	mA		
Receiver Short Circuit Output Current	I _{OSR}	$0V \le V_{OUTR} \le V_{CC}$		7.0	-	60	mA		
Supply Current	. No Load	No Load,	$\frac{DE}{RE} = V_{CC},$ RE = 0V or V _{CC}	-	425	2000	μA		
Supply Current	I _{CC}	$DI = 0V \text{ or } V_{CC}$	$\frac{DE}{RE} = 0V,$ RE = 0V	-	300	1500	μΑ		

Note 3. ΔV_{OD} and ΔV_{OC} are the changes in V_{OD} and V_{OC} , respectively, when the DI input changes state.

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AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 V_{CC} = 3.3V, T_{A} = 25°C, unless otherwise noted.

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Maximum Data Rate		$DE = \overline{RE} = V_{CC} \text{ or } 0V$	10	-	-	Mbps
Driver Differential Output Transition Time	t _{TD}	Figure 3	-	5.0	20	ns
Driver Input to Output Propagation Delay, Low-to-High Level	t _{PLH}	Figure 4	-	17	60	ns
Driver Input to Output Propagation Delay, High-to-Low Level	t _{PHL}	Figure 4	-	17	60	ns
Driver Propagation Delay Skew	t _{SKEW}	Figure 4, t _{PLH} - t _{PHL}	-	2.0	10	ns
Driver Output Enable Time to High	t _{PZH}	Figure 5	-	35	120	ns
Driver Output Enable Time to Low	t _{PZL}	Figure 6	-	30	120	ns
Driver Output Disable Time from High	t _{PHZ}	Figure 5	-	20	120	ns
Driver Output Disable Time from Low	t _{PLZ}	Figure 6	-	20	120	ns
Receiver Input to Output Propagation Delay, Low-to-High Level	t _{RPLH}	Figure 7	-	40	100	ns
Receiver Input to Output Propagation Delay, High-to-Low Level	t _{RPHL}	Figure 7	-	35	100	ns
Differential Receiver Propagation Delay Skew	t _{RSKEW}	Figure 7, t _{RPLH} – t _{RPHL}	-	4.0	-	ns
Receiver Output Enable Time to Low	t _{PRZL}	Figure 8	-	10	60	ns
Receiver Output Enable Time to High	t _{PRZH}	Figure 8	-	10	60	ns
Receiver Output Disable Time from Low	t _{PRLZ}	Figure 8	-	10	60	ns
Receiver Output Disable Time from High	t _{PRHZ}	Figure 8	-	10	60	ns

FUNCTION TABLE

Transmitting						
	Inputs	Out	puts			
RE	DE	DI	В	А		
Х	1	1	0	1		
Х	1	0	1	0		
0	0	Х	Z	Z		
1	0	Х	Z	Z		

Receiving					
	Output				
RE	RE DE A-B				
0	0 0 ≥ +0.2V				
0	0 0 ≤ −0.2V				
0	0 0 Inputs Open				
1	0	Х	Z		

X: Don't Care

Z: High Impedance

PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION







Fig. 2. Receiver V_{OH} and V_{OL}



Fig. 3. Driver Differential Output Delay and Transition Times



Fig. 4. Driver Propagation Delay



Fig. 5. Driver Enable and Disable Times, Output High



Fig. 6. Driver Enable and Disable Times, Output Low



Fig. 7. Receiver Propagation Delay



Fig. 8. Receiver Enable and Disable Times

- Note 4. The input pulse is supplied by a generator with the following characteristics: PRR = 250kHz, 50% duty cycle, $t_r \le 6.0$ ns, $Z_0 = 50\Omega$.
- Note 5. C_L includes probe and stray capacitance.

APPLICATION INFORMATION

Functional Description

The MAX3485 is 3.3V low power half-duplex differential transceiver that meets the requirements of RS-485 and RS-422. The RS-485 Standard is ideal for multi-drop applications and for long-distance interfaces. RS-485 allows up to 32 drivers and 32 receivers to be connected to a data bus, making it an ideal choice for multi-drop applications. Since the cabling can be as long as 4,000 feet, RS-485 transceivers are equipped with a wide common mode range of -7V to 12V to accommodate ground potential differences. Because RS-485 is a differential interface, data is virtually immune to noise in the transmission line.

Output Enable

receivers if RE is low.

The receiver output RO is enabled when \overline{RE} is low. RO is high impedance when \overline{RE} is high. The driver outputs are enabled by bringing DE high. They are high impedance when DE is low. If the driver outputs are enabled, the parts function as line drivers. While they are high impedance, they function as line

Driver

The driver outputs of the MAX3485 are differential outputs meeting the RS-485 and RS-422 standards. The typical voltage output swing with no load will be 0 Volts to 3.3 Volts. The driver of the MAX3485 has an enable control line which is active high. A logic high on DE (pin 3) will enable the differential driver outputs. A logic low on DE (pin 3) will tri-state the driver outputs. The transmitter of the MAX3485 will operate up to 10Mbps.

Receiver

The MAX3485 receiver has differential inputs with an input sensitivity as low as ± 200 mV. Input impedance of the receiver is typically $15k\Omega$ ($12k\Omega$ minimum). A wide common mode range of -7V to +12V allows for large ground potential differences between systems. The receiver of the MAX3485 has a tri-state enable control pin. A logic low on \overline{RE} (pin 2) will enable the receiver, a logic high on \overline{RE} (pin 2) will disable the receiver. The receiver for the MAX3485 will operate up to 10Mbps. The receiver is equipped with the fail-safe feature. Fail-safe feature guarantees that the receiver output will be in a high state when the input is left unconnected.

REVISION NOTICE

The description in this datasheet is subject to change without any notice to describe its electrical characteristics properly.